**MELODY “A harmonised CBRN training curriculum for first responders and medical staff”**

**DIRECTORATE-GENERAL MIGRATION AND HOME AFFAIRS - ISFP-2017-AG-PROTECT**

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**Answers of 5.2 Test Questions**

**5. 2 Forensic Awareness**

1. Why should I document anything I do at a CBRN scene?

**[Answer]** A CBRN scene will in most cases turn into a crime scene. Which means that most things will turn into evidence and should be admissible in a court situation. It will be considered forensic evidence. Therefore , for instance, all sampling of the crime scene and collection of exhibits should be well documented: who, where and when, labeling of the secured exhibits, packaging etc. Secured exhibits should be safe guarded: access and transport should be guaranteed authorized personnel only.

Your job as a first responder should be not to perform actions that could disturb this process or otherwise interfere with it (except for life saving activities).

1. True or false? Forensics Evidence links the criminal to the crime

**[Answer]** False

Forensics Evidence links the presence, or actions of a person, within a certain time window to a specific location through forensic traces: fingerprints, DNA, blood, digital data. It is used to reconstruct the cause of actions that may or may not involve criminal actions.

1. Name the five things you should do to keep yourself safe from the scene and keep the scene safe from you

**[Answer]**

1. Limit the number of personnel on scene, watch your steps
2. Do not move objects
3. Wear gloves
4. Document what you do and see
5. Relay this information
6. Which of these statements is false?

**[Answer] : c**

1. What is good forensic advice for first responders?

**[Answer] : d**

1. What is good practice with regard to forensics at the scene? Check all boxes you think are correct:

**[Answer] : a, b, c, d**